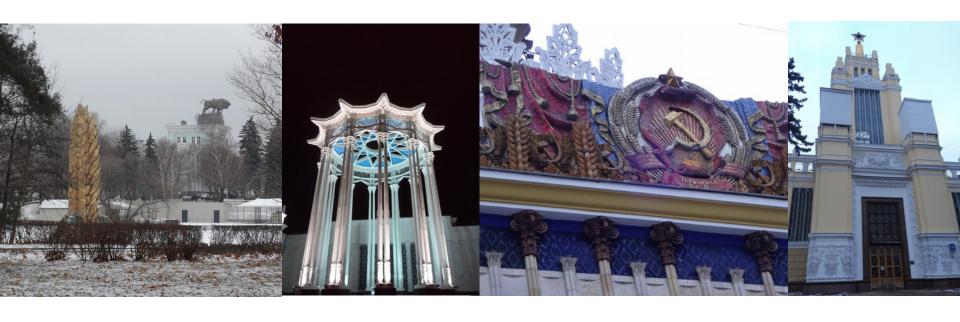


REDEVELOPMENT of VDNH TERRITORY



ISOCARP Young Planning Professionals National School Moscow | Russia | 8TH – 13RD DECEMBER 2014



The team





24 participants

11 international from 11 countries

13 Russians: 7 from Moscow, 6 from other Russian cities

The tutors





PIOTR LORENS Poland



ALEXANDER ANTONOV Russia



LUKASZ PANCEWICZ Poland



MARJO
VAN LIEROP
The Netherlands
/ Germany

The Task





2014 YEAR OF CHANGE FOR VDNH

A BRIGHT NEW FUTURE?





What CAN be the future of VDNH? How can WE help to MAKE IT HAPPEN?

- Understand the site How does it WORK? What is its' STRUCTURE?
 What is heritage? Who USES it? Who OWNS it?
- Explore alternative futures of VDNH What VDNH can be in 5, 10,
 50 YEARS?
- Choose the best scenarios build a MASTERPLAN
- Propose realistic ways of achieving the best scenario Who will DO this? What NEEDS to be done? Who PAYS?

The challenge



How we looked at VDNH?

- Multiple scale levels
 - VDNH in Moscow and Russia
 - VDNH area and neighbourhood
 - VDNH pavilions
- Users´ perspectives
- Different time perspectives
- Future scenarios





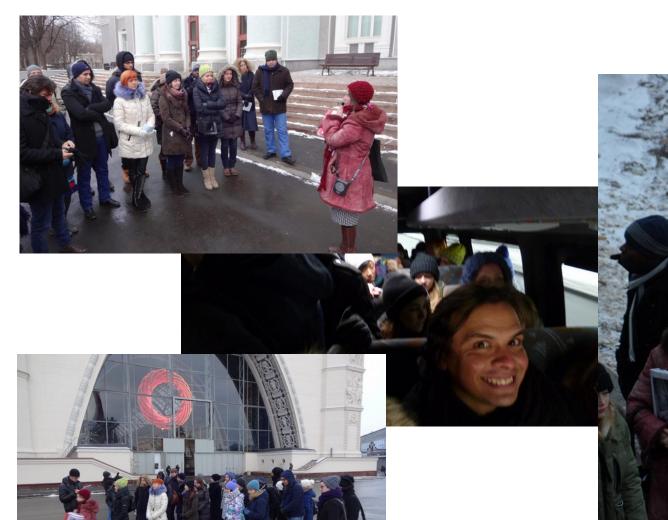
How we did it?



- 1 Excursion
- 2 Lectures
- 3 Urban analysis
- 4 Stakeholder analysis
- 5 SWOT analysis
- 6 Visions generation
- 7 Scenario selection
- 8 Projects development

Excursion







Lectures



HISTORY AND HERITAGE Pavel Nefedov

Anna Bronovitskaya, MARHI

PLANNING AND HERITAGE POLICY

Igor Dmitriev, NIIPI Genplana Elena Solovieva, NIiPI Genplana

CURRENT PLANS

Ilya Zentzipper & team

CYCLING INFRASTRUCTURE

Alexey Sidorov, Yauza Bike Club









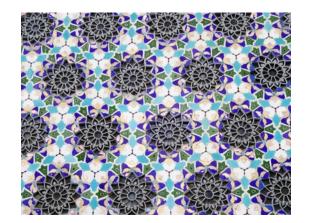


Four groups - Four topics

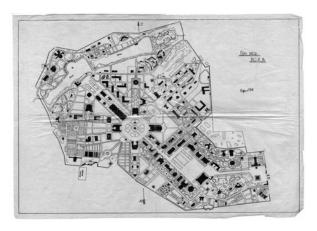
- Culture and symbolic Soviet heritage
- Spatial structure, public and open spaces
- Environment, water and health
- Economy and infrastructure

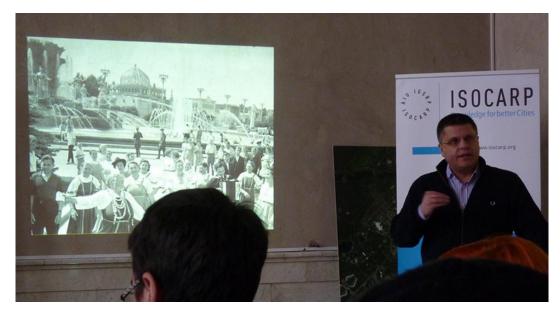


Culture and symbolical Soviet heritage









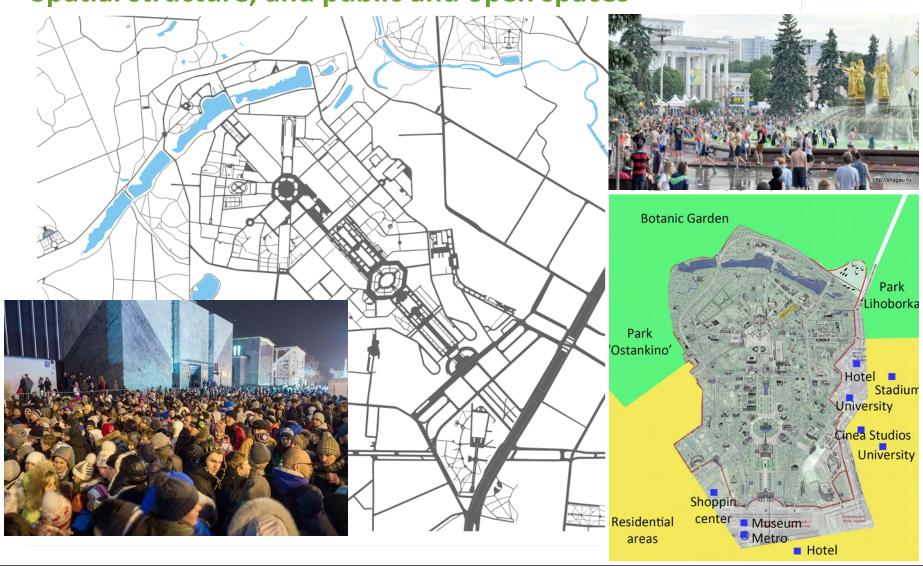
PROCESS & METHODS





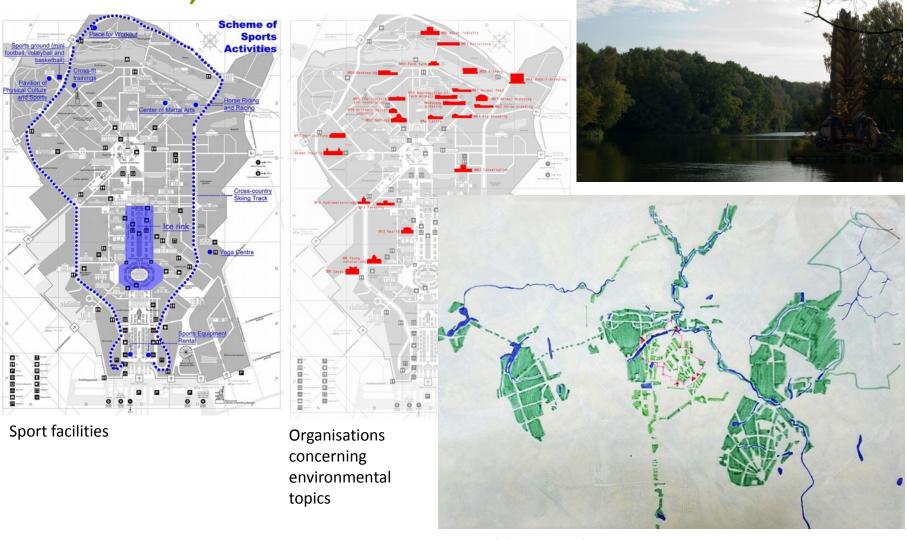


Spatial structure, and public and open spaces





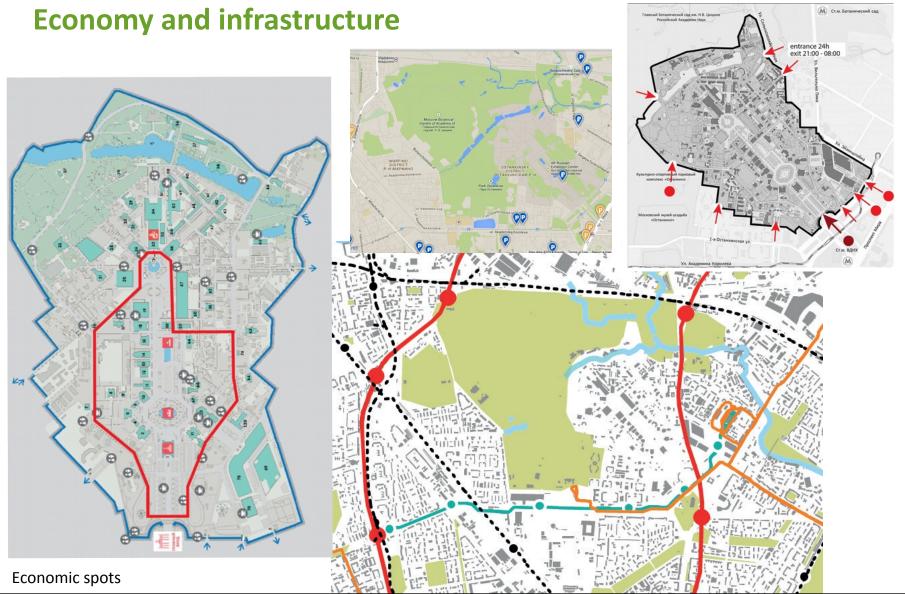
Environment, water and health



Green-blue network connecting VDNH

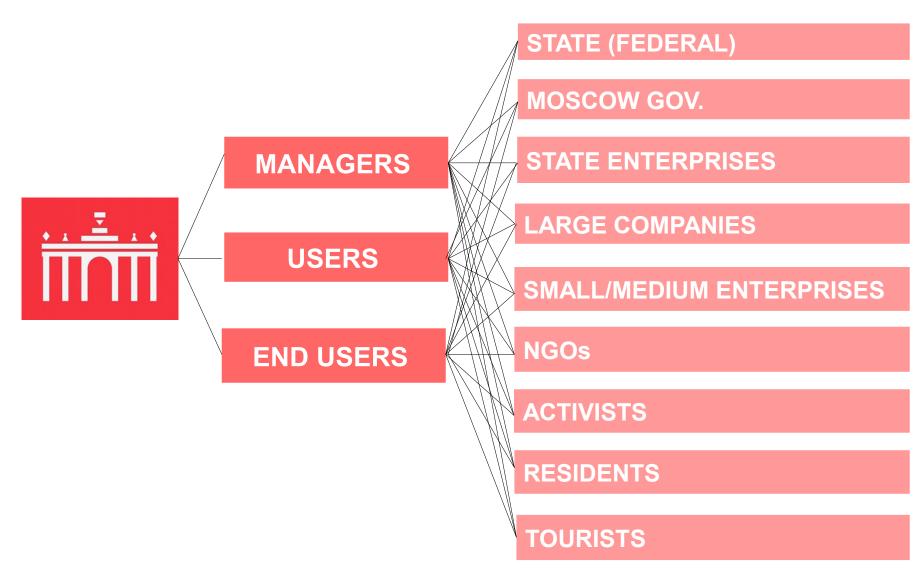
PROCESS & METHODS





Stakeholder analysis





SWOT analysis













SWOT - Strenghts



- Natural features, ecological connections
- Green open space
- Historical (architectural/monumental) and non-material heritage
- Open communication / planning / cooperation
- General agreement on change
- Unique in the world
- Large amount of visitors / users
- Strategic location, close to public transport
- Large territory
- Difference activities, expo experience
- 100% ownership of Gov. of Moscow

SWOT - Weaknesses



- Link with the surroundings (visible, physical, and functional)
- Connectivity and accessibility of different modes of transport
- Inner transportation system
- Large territory with a non/human scale
- Rigidity of spatial structure
- Condition and monumentality of heritage
- Identity / reputation
- Costs of redevelopment
- Seasonality (summer vs. winter uses)
- Legal framework for rent / sale
- Lack of participation
- No clear strategy / aspiration

SWOT - Opportunities



- Unique, new park for Moscow and Russia
- Use of the history of VDNH for enhancement
- Platform for participation
- Showcase of economic development
- Natural connections Yauza River "green-blue" network
- Space for recreation
- (Historical) transport routes
- Place for flexibility, innovation, creativity, and experiment
- Potential for multi-national projects

SWOT - Threats



- Loss of heritage, loosing natural characteristics
- Lack of interest to invest in VDNH
- Too strong investment focus on commercial and mono-functional uses conflicting interests
- Lack of capacity in transportation
- Too ambitious and too many ideas
- Unrecognized and unknown for the broader public
- "Being stuck in the past"
- Citizens not involved in the process
- Ghost buildings further abandonment

SWOT analysis



STRENGHTS

- Natural features, ecological connections
- Green open space
- Historical (architectural/monumental)
- Mental heritage
- Unique in the world
- Large amount of visitors / users
- Location, close to public transport
- Difference activities, expo experience

OPPORTUNITIES

- Unique, new park for Moscow and Russia
- Use of the history for enhancement
- Platform for participation
- Economic development
- Natural connections, recreation
- Place for innovation, creativity, and experiment
- Multi-national projects

WEAKNESSES

- Link with surroundings (visible, physical, and functional)
- Connectivity and accessibility of different modes of transport
- Large territory with a non-human scale
- Rigidity of spatial structure
- Condition of heritage
- Seasonality
- Legal framework for rent / sale
- Lack of participation
- No clear strategy / aspiration

THREATS

- Loss of heritage, natural characteristics
- Lack of investment interest
- Investment focus commercial and monofunctional
- Lack of capacity in transportation
- Too ambitious and too many ideas
- Conflicting interest
- Being stuck in the past
- Citizens not involved





ANALYSIS IS GOOD FOR UNDERSTANDING BUT IT IS NOT A VISION

Vision depends on your ambitions.

Define your goals for the future,

and look for spatial strategies that serve your goals.

PROCESS & METHODS

We work hard







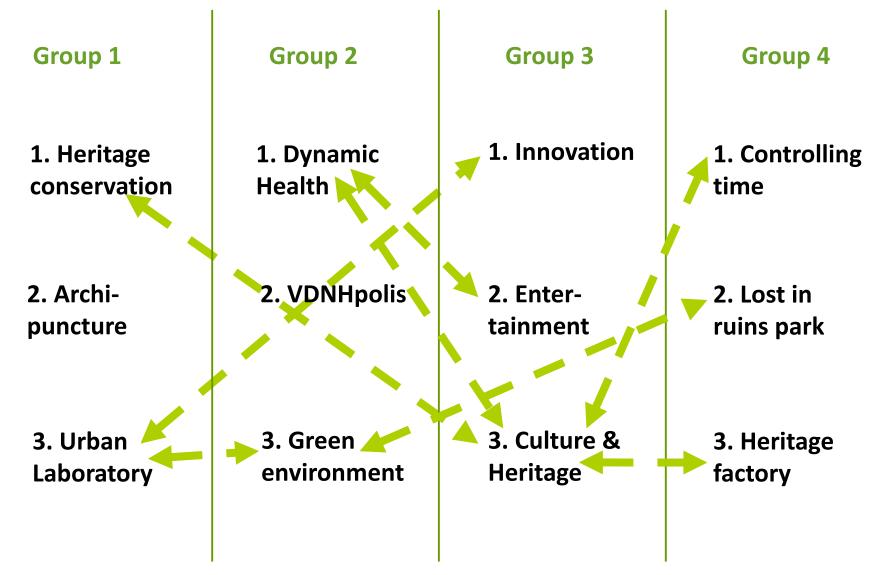






Visions generation

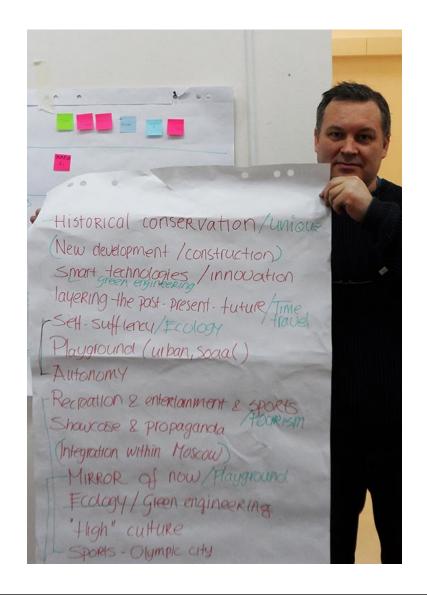




Scenario selection



- Historical conservation
- New development / construction
- Smart technologies/innovation
- Layering the past-present-future
- Self-sufficiency
- Playground (Urban, Social)
- Autonomy
- Recreation, entertainment, sports
- Showcase and "propaganda"
- "Mirror of today"
- Ecology / green engineering
- "High" culture
- Empty space for ideas
- Time travel the New Utopia



Scenario selection



Voting

- Heritage and more
- Fun place (Recreation)
- Technology
- Autonomy (Tranquillity)
- Trial & error (Laboratory)
- Back to nature





HERITAGE PRESERVATION

Open-ended storytelling



Amira Ahmad, Dmitry Boiko, Chi Hsiao, Anastasiia Klyputenko, Peter Njue, Mohamad Abdallah Ramadan, Oxana Veselkova, Morteza Yaghoubkhani, Maria Zakharova

What is VDNKh heritage?



Exhibition







Architecture







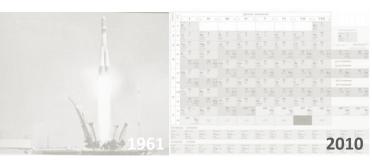




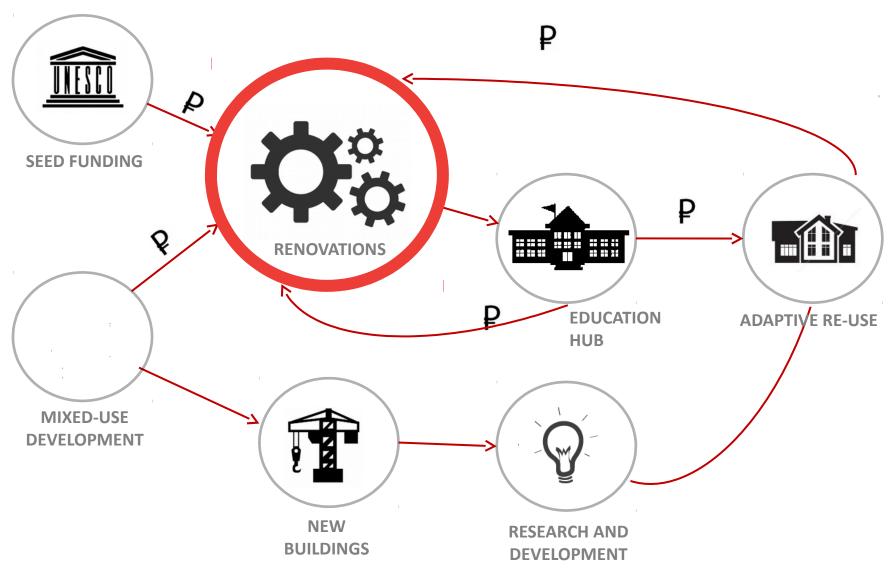
Technology





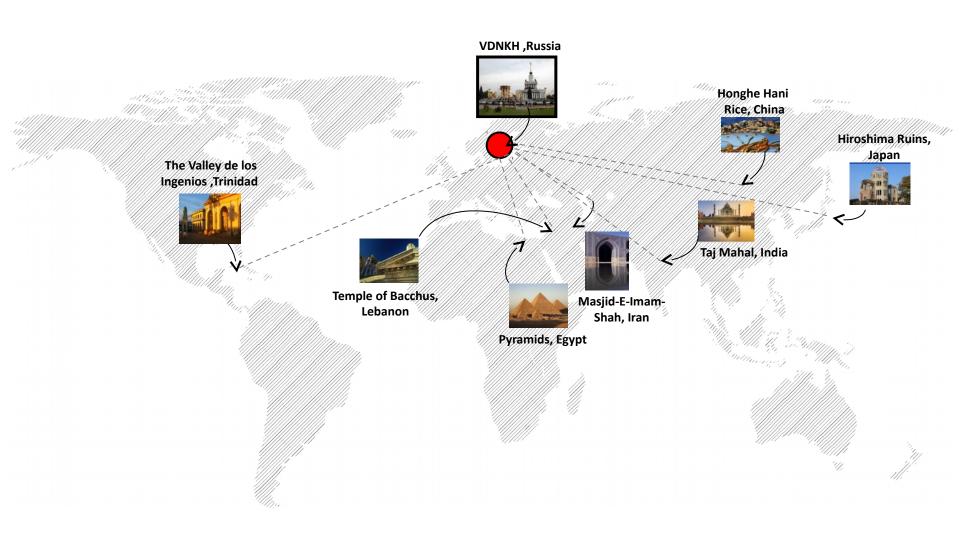






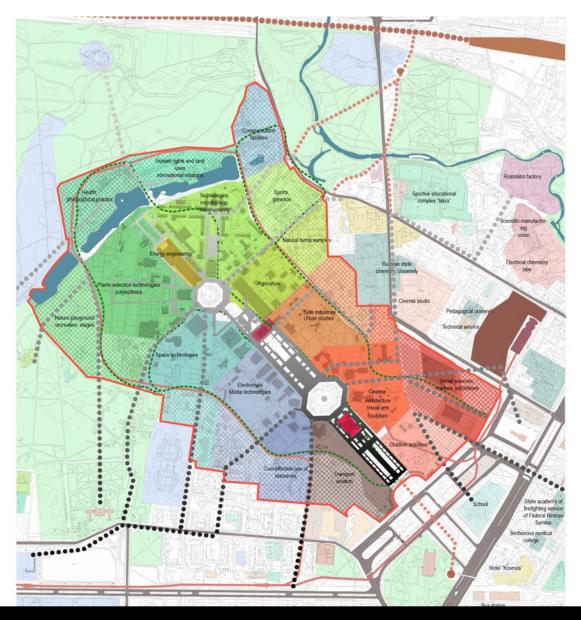
Global Linkage: UNESCO Heritage Sites





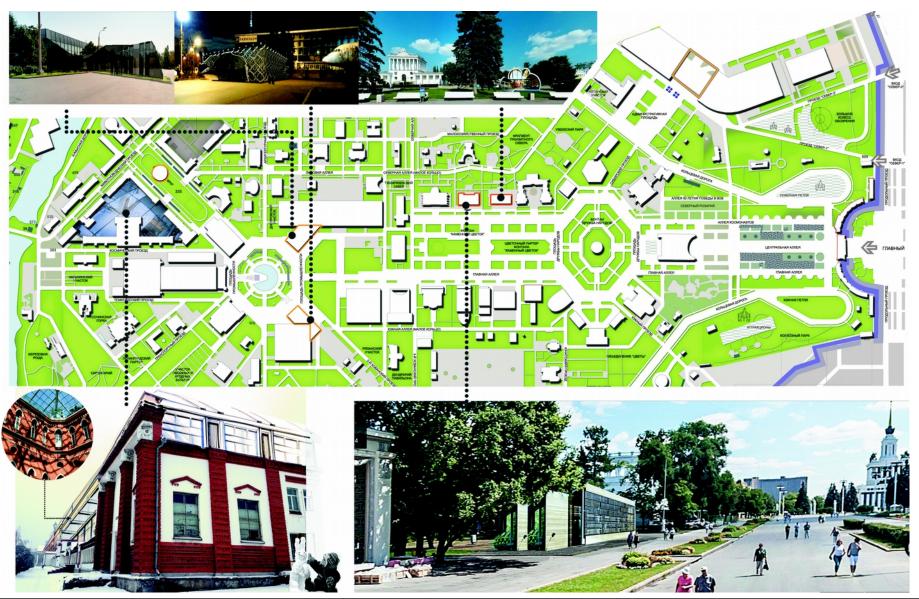
Masterplan





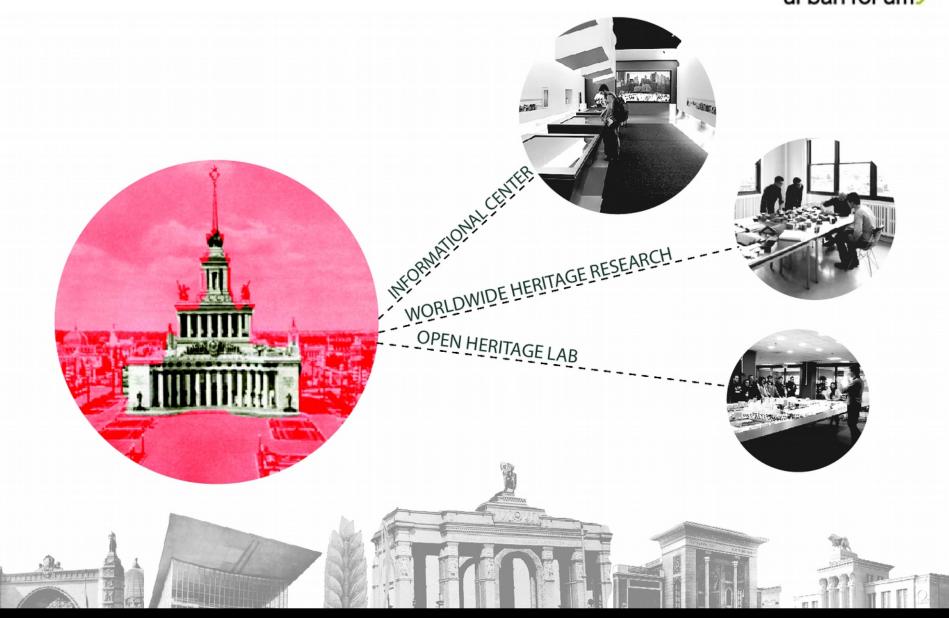
Detail Masterplan: Central Axis





Main Pavilion







LIVING LABORATORY

VDNKH an urban interface for innovation



Sarah Brennan, Gizem Caner, Marina Dubova, Noel Sampson-Ortega, Yelena Tyo, Nataliya Volkova, Andrey Yelbayev

VISION VDNH IN CONTEXT MASTERPLAN STRATEGY PAVILIONS

Vision



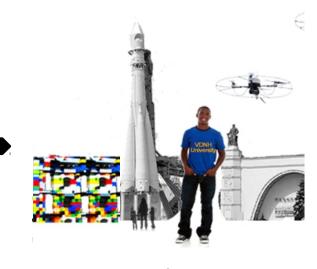


VDNH





Innovation



Living Laboratory









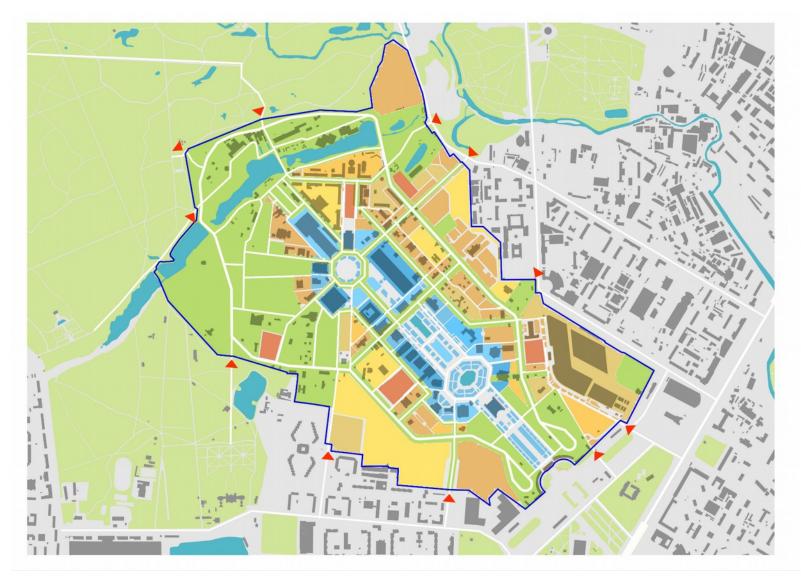




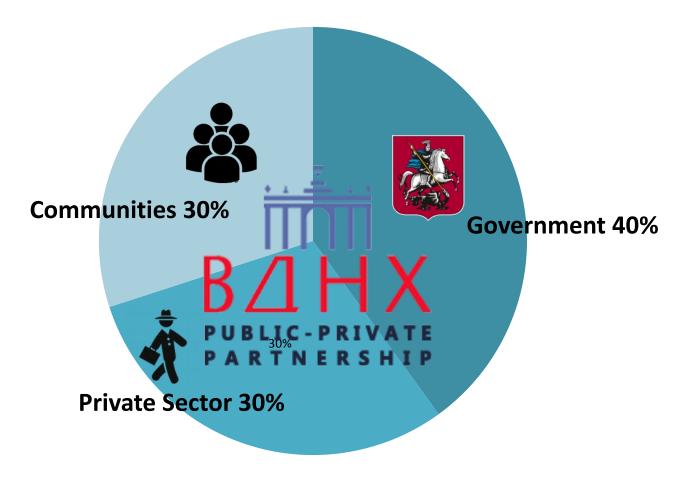










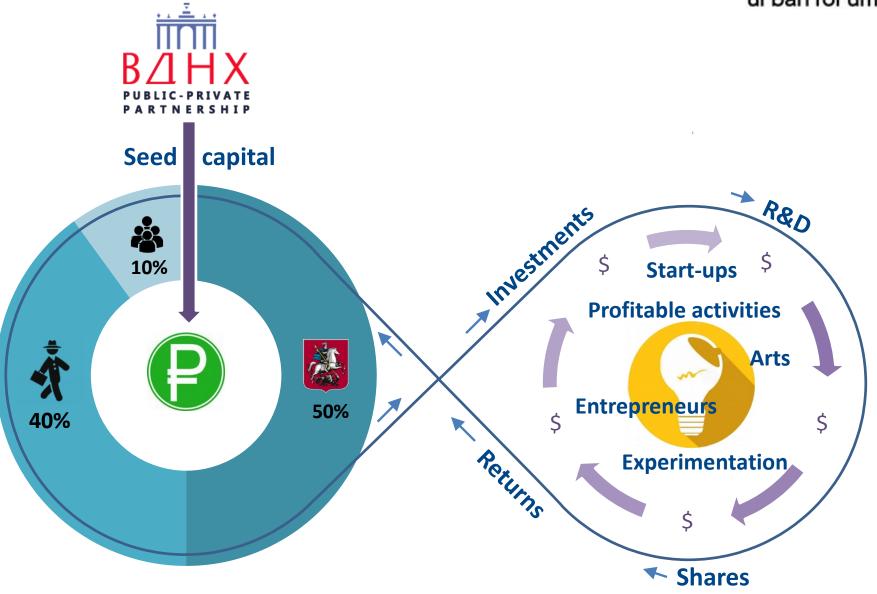


New Management Model = More Creative Implementation

Strategy: Finance Model

VISION

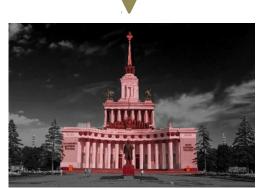




Pavilions



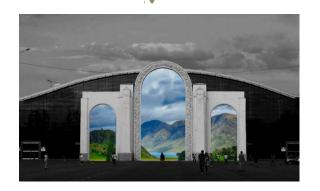


















Room for experimentation







...TRANQUILITY IN MOSCOW ...

Escaping the busy city & uncovering by discovering



Evgeniya Belashova, Timur Kadyrov, Zofia Krzykawska, Farid Latroch, Maria Luchnikova, Kseniia Mezenina, Anna Nagornaya, Wouter Pocornie

Context (emotion | ratio)





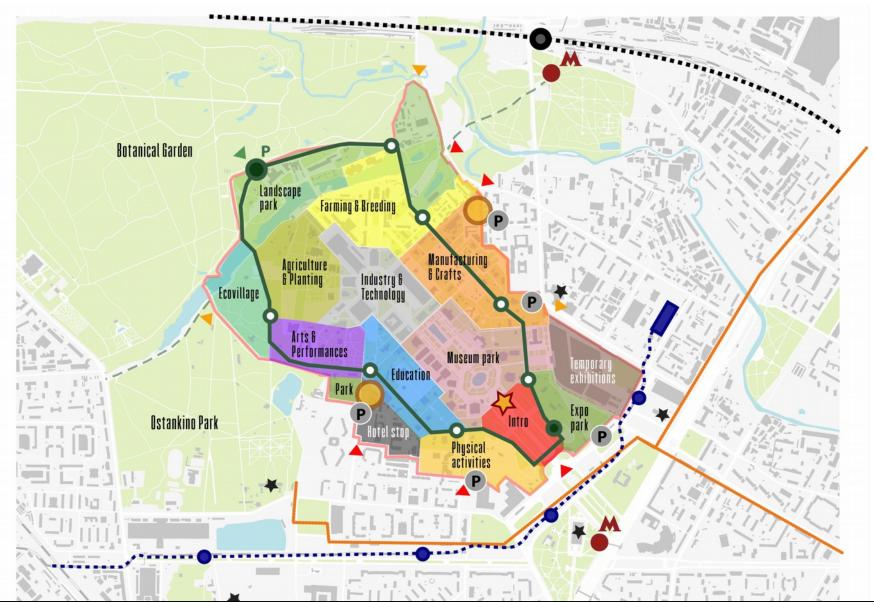
Vision (atmosphere | principles)





Masterplan (zoning)





Masterplan







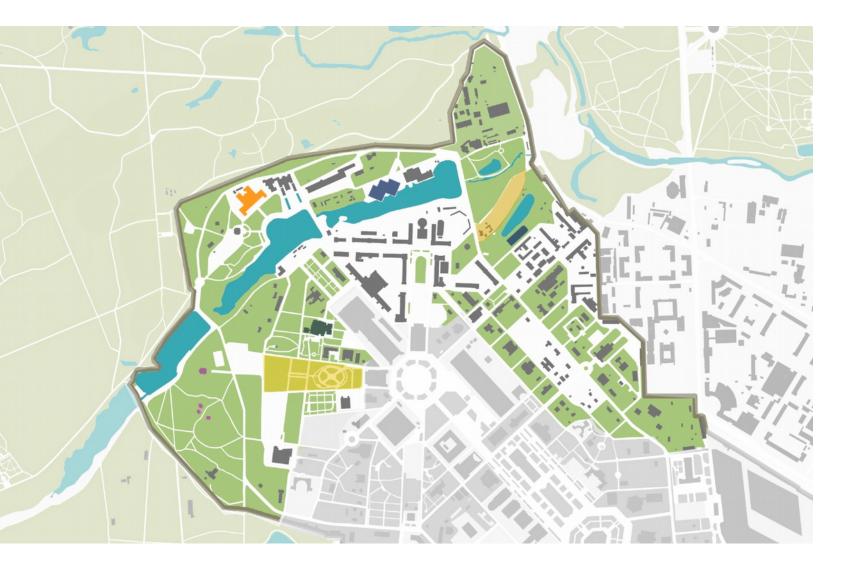






Masterplan (TRANQUILITY)





Pavilions













PAVILION





















Strategy







WE DO BELIEVE THAT IMPLEMENTING ALL THE ELEMENTS OF OUR STRATEGY WILL ADD VALUE TO THE FUTURE OF VDNH / MOSCOW



Thank you for your attention, hospitality, your sharing, this opportunity, and the overall experience