

2020 ISOCARP AWARD FOR EXCELLENCE Merit Award



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CONTENT AND CONTEXT OF THE PROJECT

BOGOR POSITIONING AND CONTEXT

THE SETTLEMENT AND WEEKEND GETAWAY FOR JAKARTA GREATER AREA

WAS KNOWN AS BUITENZORG "A CITY WITHOUT ANY WORRIES"







- Bogor is a tourism destination or a weekend getaway from "hustle-bustle" in Jakarta
- Bogor has unique characters such as beautiful scenery and less crowded compared to the other satellite cities like Tangerang, Bekasi, and Depok.
- In the Dutch Colonial Period, Bogor still had fresh air and cold temperature
- Bogor was built as the city for rest, with several parks, big trees, a huge Botanical Garden in the middle of the city, and a vast presidential palace



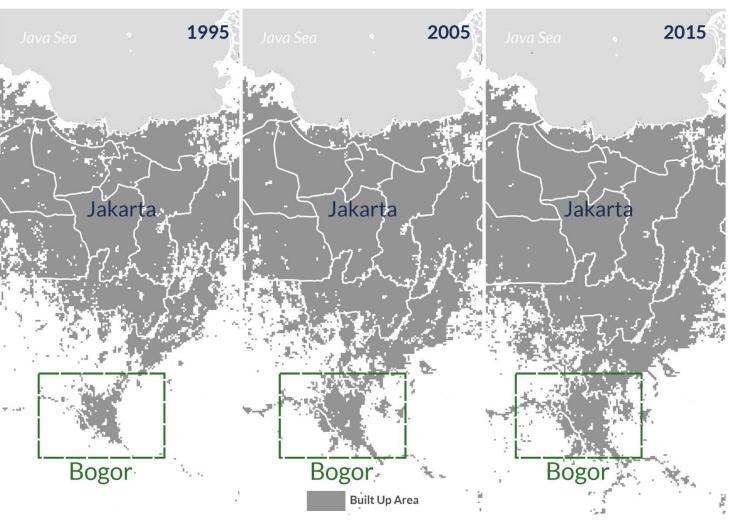






CONTENT AND CONTEXT OF THE PROJECT

BOGOR CARRIED OUT THE PRESSURE OF RAPID URBANIZATION





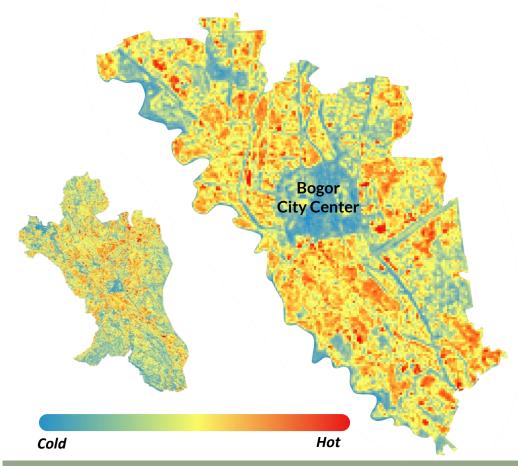
- The built-up area in Jabodetabek increased by around 24% within 20 years, as Bogor is one of the settlement areas for Jakarta workers
- The growth percentage of the built-up area in the past five years is increasing to 1,89 % per year
- Within the past 5 years, the population in Bogor increased by around 6%.
- It's two times higher than the National and Jakarta population growth, which only increased by 3% in the past five years





CONTENT AND CONTEXT OF THE PROJECT

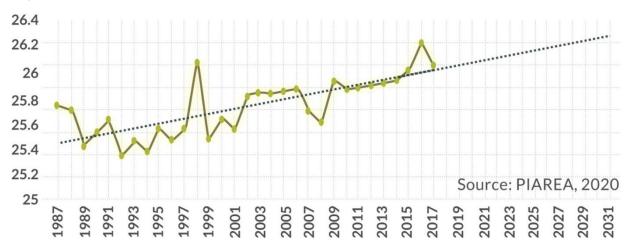
CITY CENTER IS HOTTER



The Map showed that Urban Heat Island (UHI) in Bogor Ci Some areas in the City Center appear as a hot spot compared to the surrounding area

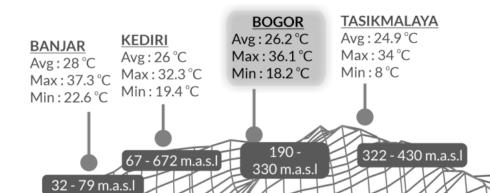


Bogor will be Hotter in the Next 10 Years



- Temperature trends in Bogor increase around ± 0,5° C within 30 years (1987 - 2017).
- It predicted that the average temperature in Bogor would increase within range of 0.47° C to 0.91° C in the future.
- The temperature in Bogor is also warmer compared to other cities with similar elevations and characters.

Bogor is Warmer Compared to Other Similar Cities in Central Java



SUKABUMI

Avg: 23.5 °C Max: 33.6 °C

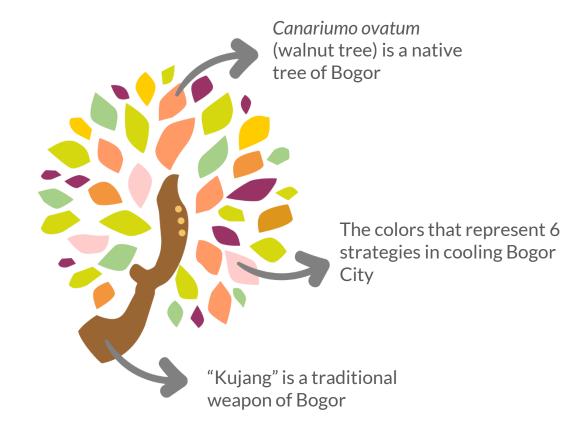
Min: 18.6 °C

440 - 750 m.a.s.l

MAIN FEATURES OF THE PROJECT COOLING BOGOR CITY



Urban tree strategy is known as the most mainstream yet the most effective way to tackle urban heat. This project divided six types of area intervention: city scale, commercial district (Bogor Central Station), commercial corridor/streets, public spaces, informal street vendors organizing, and 'kampung' settlements and alley.

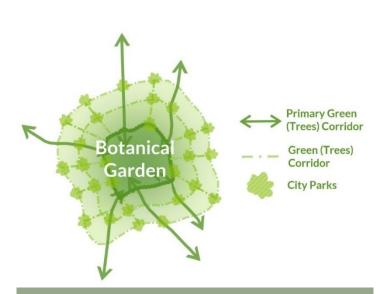




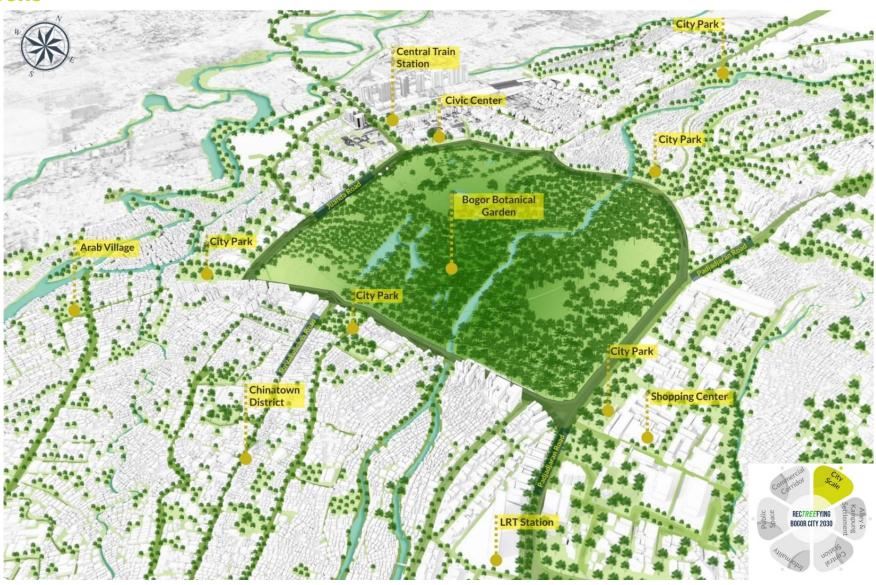


MAIN FEATURES OF THE PROJECT

CREATING URBAN VENTILATION CORRIDORS



- The basic concept to make Bogor cooler is to spread the energy of Botanical Garden to all parts of the city by creating continuous green and blue network
- It will be developed by connecting parks street trees and vegetation, urban forest river and lake
- Ventilation corridors will result in wind flow enhancement in the city and help more cooling in the city.
- It could also improve the air quality, provide habitat for plants and animals, protect biodiversity, and improve urban storm-water management
- In total, the green network will be at least 55 km around the city center







MAIN FEATURES OF THE PROJECT

COOLING COMMERCIAL AND BUSINESS DISTRICT

- This project is a revitalization of Bogor Central Station Area, to create a mixeduse, compact, walkable, and green TOD within 68 ha area.
- The cooling strategy is exercised by adding 3 km street and pedestrian way tree canopy, 3 km porous asphalt, greening 15 high rise buildings, building 1.7 ha city park, and permeable pavement for the plazas.









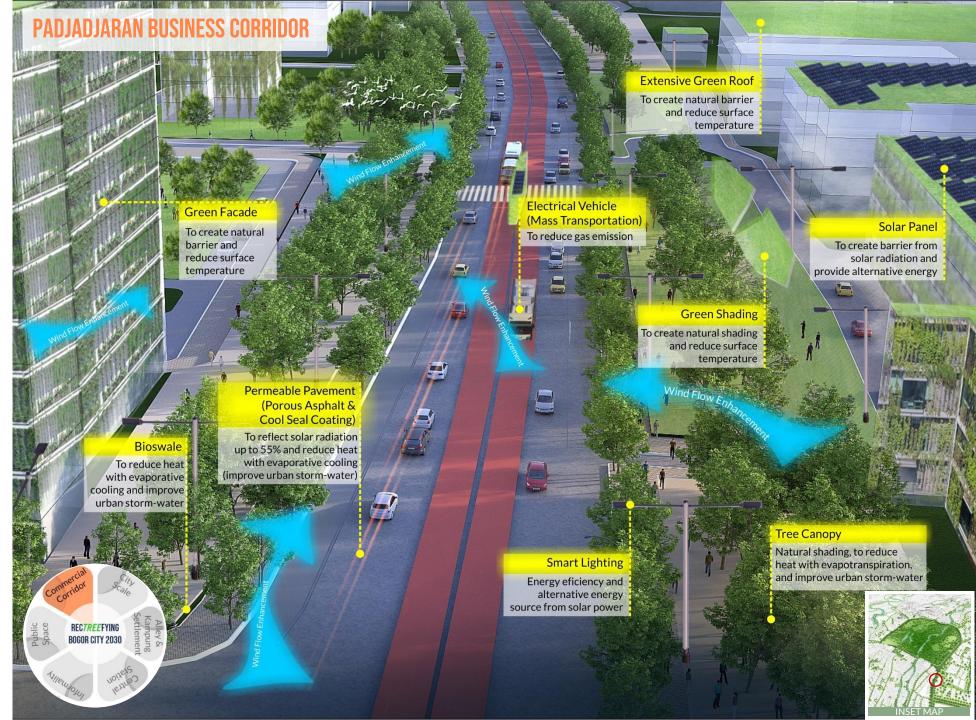
MAIN FEATURES OF THE PROJECT COOLING COMMERCIAL AND BUSINESS DISTRICT

- The corridor revitalization aims to achieve a more walkable and people-oriented business corridor
- Strategies: adding 1.2 km extended tree canopy, high reflectivepermeable color pavement, bioswale, and green facades



Existing Condition

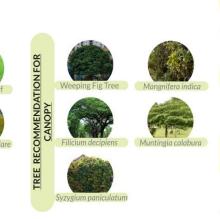




COOLING COMMERCIAL AND BUSINESS DISTRICT

Regulating Commercial Building

- This project applies a set of regulations for commercial building permits.
- It regulates building elements that should be implemented to reduce the temperature of building envelopes, by adding green roof and facade, tree canopy and water element within site, permeable pavement and high reflective color material, and the use of solar panel.





olar Panel

To create barrier from solar radiation and provide alternative energy

Smart Lighting

Energy eficiency and alternative energy source from solar power

Electrical Vehicle

To reduce gas emission

Bioswale

To reduce heat with evaporative cooling and improve urban storm-water

Tree Canopy

Natural shading, to reduce heat with evapotranspiration, and improve urban storm-water

Permeable Pavement (Porous Concrete & Cool Seal Coating)

To reflect solar radiation up to 55% and reduce heat with evaporative cooling (improve urban storm-water)



PLANT RECOMMENDATION FOR GREEN WALL



MAIN FEATURES OF THE PROJECT COOLING COMMERCIAL AND BUSINESS DISTRICT

- This placemaking project in 1.3 km China Town Corridor applies harmonization between cooling strategy and heritage preservation.
- Cooling elements are applied to the Chinese-style building without altering its character.



Existing Condition





MAIN FEATURES OF THE PROJECT

IMPROVING THE QUALITY OF PUBLIC SPACES

- This project is the revitalization of Bogor City Square, with an area around 1.7 Ha (estimated cost around 15 billion rupiahs) in front of Central Station.
- The cooling city strategy is applied to create a more pleasant public space, improve the quality of places, resulting in a more vibrant public space.





Existing Condition



MAIN FEATURES OF THE PROJECT IMPROVING THE QUALITY OF PUBLIC SPACES

With an area of 6.723 sqm, this park is located in the China Town District. Thus designing and applying the cooling strategy should be harmonized with its unique Chinese-character.



Existing Condition





MAIN FEATURES OF THE PROJECT **DEALING WITH INFORMALITY:**

EMPOWERING LOCAL ECONOMY

- Applying cooling strategies in this 900 sqm area can also be harmonized with street vendors' empowerment and integrating it with open space improvement.
- It could thus help to solve socioeconomic problems.
- This project aims to convert the unorganized streets to be a wellmanaged culinary street.



Existing Condition



MAIN FEATURES OF THE PROJECT DEALING WITH INFORMALITY: EMPOWERING LOCAL

ECONOMY

Within an area of 1,254 sqm, this project applies cooling strategies in building a culinary park, which integrates culinary street vendors, plant street vendors, and public space.



Existing Condition





MAIN FEATURES OF THE PROJECT DEALING WITH INFORMALITY: EMPOWERING LOCAL ECONOMY

- This project aims to convert a neglected alleys into a well-managed culinary alley, thus creating a new community place in the alleys.
- Besides cooling the microclimate, this strategy could empower the local economy and enhance public life.
- Cooling strategies in the alleyway could be done by adding porous concrete to result in evaporative cooling, green shading to create natural shade, and light color material to reflect solar radiation.



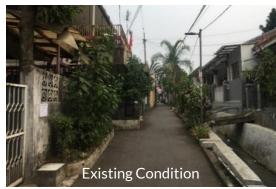
Existing Condition



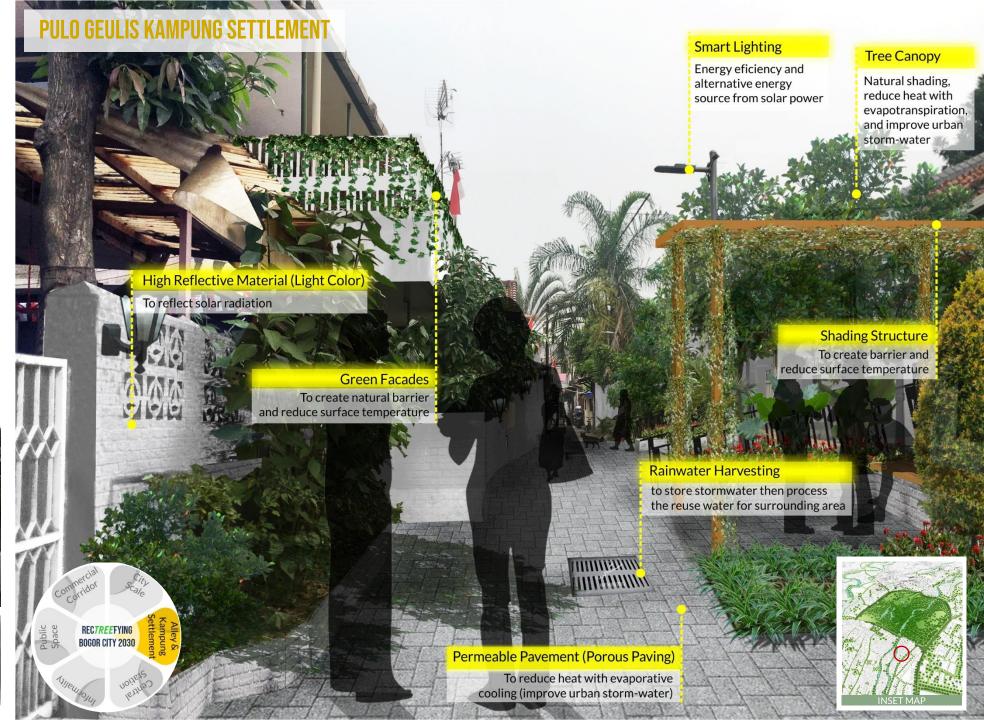


MAIN FEATURES OF THE PROJECT IMPROVING THE QUALITY OF KAMPUNG SETTLEMENT

- More than 70% of Bogor City is formed from kampung settlement.
- Applying cooling strategies in the kampung settlement is necessary to create continuous urban ventilation
- This strategy is also improving the quality of life for local citizen
- Providing vegetation, reflective material and natural material use, also trees planting in the residential area mean to reduce the temperature





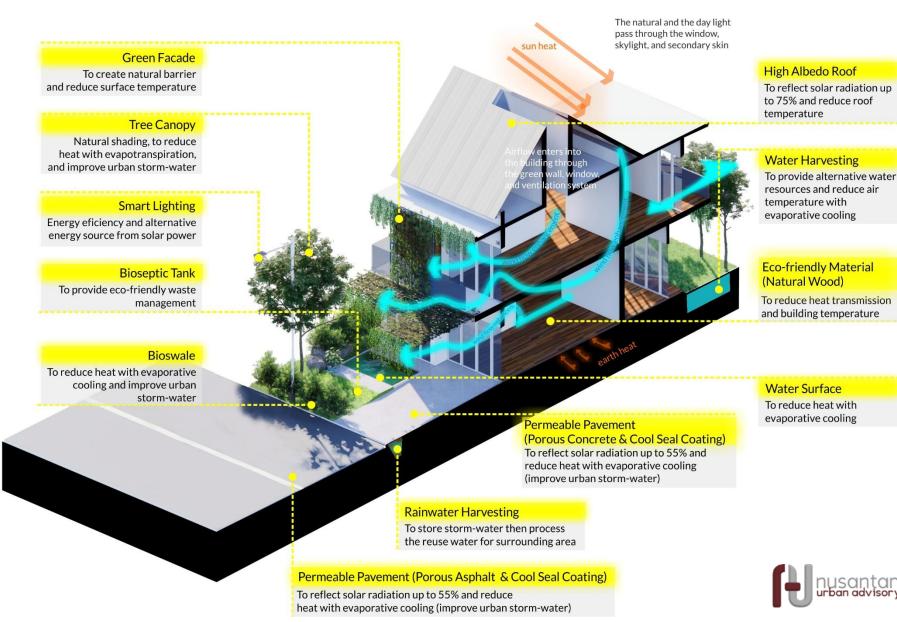


IMPROVING THE QUALITY OF KAMPUNG SETTLEMENT

Regulating Incentives for Housing

- A set of regulations for housing should be enforced to reduce the temperature of building envelopes.
- Tax incentives could be given to those who build cooling elements (adding green facade, tree canopy, permeable pavement, and high reflective color material







MAIN FEATURES OF THE PROJECT

PLANNING PROCESS: A COLLABORATIVE APPROACH

BOGOR CITY GOVERNMENT, PRIVATE, ACADEMIC, MASS MEDIA, AND SOCIETY



Multi-stakeholder involvement is the key to achieve a sustainable strategy. The ideas of each stakeholder are summarized through the discussions and wokrshop.





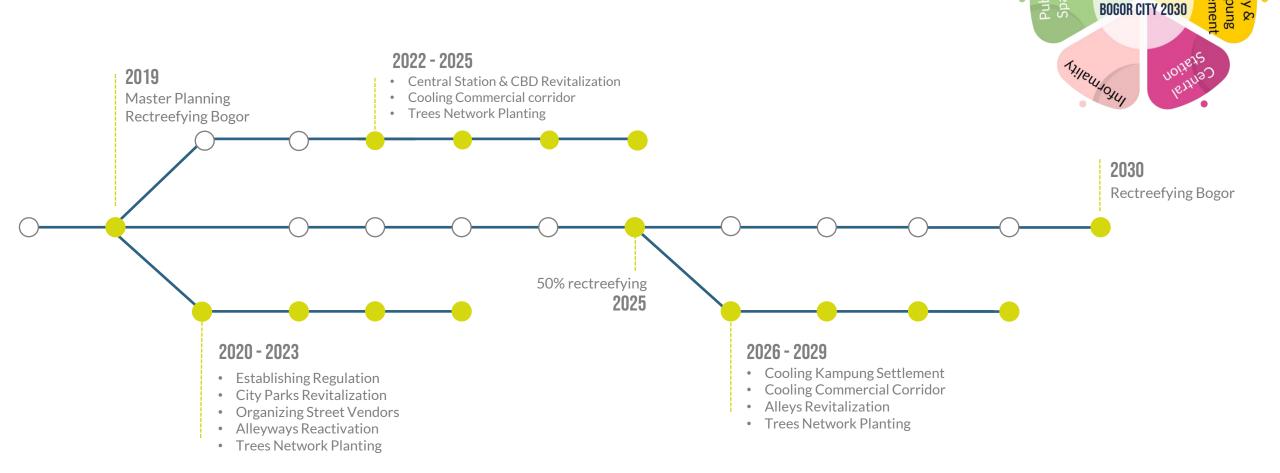






EXPECTATIONS AND FUTURE PROJECTS

"REC*Tree*fying" bogor city roadmap







Corridor

RECTREEFYING

CONCLUSION



Mitigating the GHG emission and addressing the impacts of urban heat island effects to the urban environment should be taken seriously by implementing relevant cooling city strategies



Urban greening and cooling strategy should be able to work with the existing urban condition, and local unique value of a city



Urban greening and cooling strategy should be a tool to solve specific socio-economic issues (and to improve local economy). A series of interventions should respond to community and informal economy needs



Stakeholder engagement between local government, private sector, community/ society, academic institution, and media is the key to achieve sustainability



Cooling City Strategy should be embed and mainstreamed into Indonesian cities spatial plans and regulations



This project could be an innovation or a pioneer and an example for other Indonesian cities





THANK YOU TERIMA KASIH



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